

SCIENCE YEAR 3-4 Cycle A – Unit 3

Materials: rocks and soils

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RANGE

The sustainable Earth

- 3. a comparison of the features and properties of some man-made and natural materials
- 4. the properties of materials relating to their uses
- 5. how some materials are formed or produced

KEY VOCABULARY

texture
rough
smooth
absorbent
waterproof
igneous (e.g. granite, basalt)
metamorphic (e.g. slate,
marble)
sedimentary (e.g. chalk,
sandstone, mudrock)
tally

table

bar chart

prediction

observe

Developing thinking

(Plan-Develop-Reflect integrated into activities)



LNF - Main Numeracy Strands covered*

Strand:

Developing numerical reasoning

Elements:

Identify process and connections Represent and communicate Review

Strand:

Using data skills

Elements:

Collect and record data Present and analyse data Interpret results

*Refer to LNF numeracy framework for details of specific skills within each element.

LNF – Literacy (writing) opportunities

Element: Organising information and ideas Writing accurately

Writing to inform, instruct and find out

Developing ICT



School to identify and provide opportunities for developing this skill within the scope of the unit.

Curriculum Cymreig



School to identify and provide opportunities for developing this skill within the scope of the unit.

Personal and social education



School to identify and provide opportunities for developing this skill within the scope of the unit.

Science – Medium Term Planning (half term)

Year Group	3/4	Term	Cycle A – Unit 3	Unit Title	Materials – rocks and soils

Range: The sustainable Earth

- 3. a comparison of the features and properties of some man-made and natural materials
- 4. the properties of materials relating to their uses5. how some materials are formed or produced

Cross Curricular Links:

Skills (Principal skills in bold italics)	Suggested activities	Resources and web links	Assessment Opportunities
COMMUNICATE Communicate clearly using science vocabulary PLAN Identify gaps in prior knowledge REFLECT Suggest how the method could have been improved	1. Big Question: What do you know about materials? Introduce the topic and discuss what pupils understand about materials and their properties related to their uses. What do pupils know about rocks. What is soil? Record diagnostic assessment – mind map, KWL grid or ideas poster etc. Introduce the skill – Communicate ideas & identify gaps in prior knowledge Use landscape photos and/or rock/soil specimens to trigger debate and discussion. Allow pupils to select items from a feely bag/box and describe rocks/soils. List new and/or key vocabulary. Consider using the Year 3/4 target card for science. Discuss key science enquiry skills and ask pupils to identify a small number of 'next steps' targets for themselves. Big Question: What do you know about rocks and soils?	http://resources.hwb.wales.gov.uk/VTC/2009- 10/science/cripsat/e23- properties-and-uses/index.html http://www.bbc.co.uk/learningzone/clips/ http://www.sciencekids.co.nz/sciencefacts/earth.html	Use preferred diagnostic strategy/tool Can pupils organise their findings and display these in a given format? (Level 3) Can pupils organise findings and use relevant scientific vocabulary? (Level 4)
	Practise the skill – Communicate ideas & identify gaps in prior knowledge Allow pupils to handle specimens of rocks and fossils. Discuss similarities and differences – choose any three and play 'odd-one-out'. What can pupils find out about fossils? Can groups record/explain several facts about a chosen fossil type? Consider writing a science postcard to Mary Anning (famous 19 th Century amateur fossil hunter) explaining what we now know about some interesting fossils, e.g. trilobites, dinosaurs etc. To write to inform and explain Text type: non-chronological report/postcard/letter	http://www.oum.ox.ac.uk/thezone /rocks/index.htm http://www.lymeregismuseum.co. uk/exhibitions-and-events/in-the- museum/mary-anning	

PLAN	2. Big Question: Rocks, bricks and concrete - natural or man-made?		
Plan the method to be		http://resources.hwb.wales.gov.u	
used	Allow children to explore a collection of rocks, bricks and other man-made objects to observe and	k/VTC/rocks/eng/Introduction/def	Can pupils organise their
	group in terms of texture eg size, shape and arrangement of particles and appearance and range	<u>ault.htm</u>	findings and display these in a
	of colours.		given format? (Level 3)
DEVELOP			
Use equipment and	Introduce the skill – Observing and making comparisons	http://www.bbc.co.uk/learningzon	
make careful	'Post-it note challenge' – ask groups of pupils to quickly examine and note the key		Can pupils make
observations	features of each object/material on a post-it note. List ideas/vocab on the board.	e/clips/	observations using simple
	Ask children to choose criteria for grouping and ask other children to guess what this is.		equipment? (Level 3)
	What is the most effective method for sorting the objects/materials? What categories did		4. 1
REFLECT	pupils choose?	http://www.sciencekids.co.nz/scie	
Suggest how to improve	How did pupils record the features of each specimen?	ncefacts/earth.html	Can pupils begin to identify
the method			simple patterns and trends?
and meaned	Review outcomes and confirm pupils' understanding of natural and man-made objects.		(Level 3)
		http://www.oum.ox.ac.uk/thezone	(2070/0)
	Provide the still Observing and resting and	/rocks/index.htm	
	Practise the skill – Observing and making comparisons		
	Focus on the rocks from the previous task.		
	 Challenge pupils to sort samples of rocks according to colour, texture, hardness etc. 	Selection of everyday materials	
	 Suggest pupils use a range of sorting criteria. 	and examples of main rock	
	Gather pupils' findings and either:	groups (igneous, metamorphic	
	- explore the properties of each rock type in turn with pupils and assign a rock name, or	and sedimentary)	
	- challenge more able pupils to use their observations to identify key rock types using	3,	
	an online source.		
	Consider constructing a simple classification key using A3 paper and/or a simple		
	parents' guide to the three rock groups (igneous, metamorphic and sedimentary).		
	parents guide to the time rock groups (igneous, metamorphic and sedimentary).		
	To write to inform and explain		
	Text type: non-chronological report		
PLAN	3. Big Question: Which is the best rock type to use as a building material?	http://resources.hwb.wales.gov.u	
Plan the	o. Dig Quodisin times to the southest type to do do d banding material.	k/VTC/rocks/eng/Introduction/def	Can pupils plan with some
process/method to be	Discuss the features of building materials. Discuss features of rocks that can be tested, e.g.	ault.htm	independence? (Level 3)
used	scratch test, water repellence etc.	datanan	macpenaence: (Ecver o)
useu	Solution tost, water repellence etc.		Can pupils follow a simple
Plan the observations and	Introduce the skill - Plan method/approach to be used.		series of instructions to gather
measurements to take		http://www.bbc.co.uk/learningzon	findings? (Level 3)
measurements to take	Challenge pupils to select a test and map out their ideas. Matches appears of a planning to pupils to select a test and map out their ideas.	e/clips/	miuliys! (Level 3)
	Model an example of a planning template	e/clips/	Can punila maka dasisisaa bu
DEVELOR	 What makes a 'good' science plan? This may form pupils' success criteria. 		Can pupils make decisions by
DEVELOP		latter//essayonessayonessayonessayonessayonessayonessayonessayonessayonessayonessayonessayonessayonessayoness	weighing up evidence? (Level
Make careful observations		http://resources.hwb.wales.gov.u	3)
	Practise the skill – Plan method/approach to be used.	<u>k/VTC/2009-</u>	
Make comparisons and	 Pupils plan and write-up a simple method/approach. 	10/science/cripsat/e23-	
identify patterns in	Are there any aspects of 'fair testing' in these tests?	properties-and-uses/index.html	
data/findings	How will pupils record their findings? Will they be recording numbers or recording		
	qualitative observations in words?	Selection of everyday materials	
	Pupils carry out test and record findings.	and examples of main rock	
	. apilo dari y dar toor aria rooora milanigo.	groups (igneous, metamorphic	
	To write to inform and explain	and sedimentary)	
	Text type: science write-up/report	•	
	Toke type. Solding write-up/report		

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PLAN	4. Big Question: Which is the best rock type to use as a building material? Cont.		
Plan the process/method		http://www.echalk.co.uk/	
to be used	Review findings from pupils' tests.		Can pupils agree on basic
Coloct augono oritori -	Introduce the skill. Make comparisons and form considered entities	http://recourses.hub.weles.	success criteria? (Level 3)
Select success criteria	Introduce the skill – Make comparisons and form considered opinions	http://resources.hwb.wales.gov.u k/VTC/2009-	
	Discuss pupils' use of tables to record findings. January January	10/science/cripsat/e23-	Can pupils make decisions
DEVELOP	How can we graph pupils' findings? Why can't we graph qualitative observations? How can we graph qualitative absorbations? (a graph pupils of dama of violate absorbations).	properties-and-uses/index.html	by weighing up pros and
Use apparatus and	How can we graph qualitative observations? (e.g. numbers of drops of water absorbed). Madel how to drop size the conclusions from purify findings.	properties-and-uses/index.num	cons? (Level 3)
equipment correctly and	 Model how to draw simple conclusions from pupils' findings. 		30.101 (2010)
safely			
	Practise the skill – Make comparisons and form considered opinions		Can pupils link outcomes to
Make comparisons and	Challenge pupils to create concluding statements that support their findings.		success criteria? (Level 3)
form considered	Ask groups to swap findings and create conclusions for other groups' data. Compare		, ,
opinions	findings.		
	 Produce group science ideas poster/graffiti board – pupils to list new knowledge/skills. 		
REFLECT			
Begin to evaluate	To write to inform and explain		
outcomes against	Text type: poster		
success criteria.			
PLAN	5. Big Question: What is soil? Are all soils the same?		
Plan the process/method		http://resources.hwb.wales.gov.u	Can pupils make
to be used	Give pupils a selection of soils - clay, sandy and garden loam. Ask pupils to explore and predict	k/VTC/phase4 20030801/Wales/	observations using simple
	what they expect to find with each type of soil. How will pupils plan to find out about these soils?	Science/Keystage2/Lifeprocesse	equipment? (Level 3)
Select success criteria	What equipment will they need? Is this a fair test or a simple exploration enquiry?	san/Anonlinesoilexp/Introduction/	
		<u>default.htm</u>	
	Introduce the skill – Use apparatus and make careful observations		Can pupils make
DEVELOP	 Review equipment, including sieves, digital microscopes, tweezers, petri dishes etc. 		observations using standard
Use apparatus and	 Review sieving as a method for separating particles of different sizes. 	Selection of main soil types:	equipment and record using
equipment correctly and safely	 Set simple success criteria: what do pupils need to observe? Texture, colour, particles etc? 	sandy, loam and clay soil.	SI units? (Level 4)
	 How will pupils record their observations? 	Sieves	
Make careful		Measuring cylinders	
observations	Practise the skill – Use apparatus and make careful observations	Magnifying lenses	
	 Pupils gather equipment and make observations. 	Digital microscope	
DEELECT	Record findings in a table.		
REFLECT			
Begin to evaluate outcomes against	Review pupils' findings. What is soil made up from? Are all soils the same?		
success criteria.			
Success Cilicita.		L	

PLAN Plan the	6. Big Question: Which is the best soil for a new sports pitch?	http://www.ooholk.oo.uk/	Con pupilo plan with come
Plan the process/method to be used DEVELOP Make careful observations and accurate measurements Use prior knowledge to explain REFLECT Suggest how the method could have been improved	Review the previous soils task. Introduce the big question to pupils and tell them they have been commissioned as scientists in order to identify the best soil to use for the new sports pitch. What determines a 'good' soil for a sports surface? Should it let water flow through easily or should it absorb and hold water? Discuss variables/characteristics using card sort activity. Suggest some ways in which pupils may investigate the question, e.g. time how long it takes a fixed amount of water to flow through different soils or measure how much water percolates through each soil type in a fixed length of time. Introduce the skill – Plan the method to be used Discuss and model a class plan if necessary. Emphasise aspects of fair testing. Help pupils make a prediction based on some science observations. Practise the skill – Plan the method to be used Challenge pupils to identify a simple plan/method from those discussed. Can they add to the plan? Pupils carry out task and gather findings. Tabulate results. How can pupils' method be improved?	http://www.echalk.co.uk/ Interactive planning templates Selection of main soil types: sandy, loam and clay soil. Sieves Measuring cylinders Magnifying lenses Digital microscope	Can pupils plan with some independence? (Level 3) Can pupils follow a series of simple instructions to gather findings? (Level 3) Can pupils use standard equipment to gather findings, using a range of SI units? (Level 4) Can pupils suggest how the method could be improved? (Level 3)
	To write to inform and explain Text type: science write-up/report		
COMMUNICATE Communicate using tables and bar charts	7. Big Question: How can we present our scientific work? Review the investigation from the previous task.	http://resources.hwb.wales.gov.u k/VTC/2009- 10/science/cripsat/e23- properties-and-uses/index.html	Can pupils say what they found out from their work and make decisions by
DEVELOP Make comparisons and identify patterns in data/findings	Introduce the skill – Form considered opinions and make informed decisions • Help pupils construct a bar chart from their data/findings. • Focus on key features: independent variable on x-axis, gaps between bars.	Interactive planning templates	weighing up pros and cons? (Level 3) Can pupils begin to organize
REFLECT Suggest how the method could have been	Practise the skill – Form considered opinions and make informed decisions What simple trends/patterns can pupils elicit from their bar charts? Model scientific language and concluding sentences. Ask pupils to copy-and-paste their bar charts into a simple report template in which pupils form conclusions and make informed decisions.		findings, including simple tables and bar charts? (Level 3)
improved	7a. Additional class and/or homework activity - NGfL science: The Stonehenge Challenge		Can pupils suggest how the method could be improved? (Level 3)
REFLECT Describe how they have learned, and identify the ways that worked the best. Link the learning to similar situations, within and	Revisit initial diagnostic assessment. Can pupils demonstrate understanding at end of topic and discuss new skills learned and/or practised?	Use preferred AfL strategy	Can pupils say what worked and didn't work? (Level 3)
outside school. Evaluation			